

# Download File PDF Life Functions Vocabulary Answers

#Jenny



*Finally I get this ebook, thanks for all these I can get now!*

#Rio



*Cool! I'am really happy*

#Markus Jensen



*I did not think that this would work, my best friend showed me this website, and it does! I get my most wanted eBook*

#Hun Tsu



*wtf this great ebook for free?!*

#Che Salsa



*My friends are so mad that they do not know how I have all the high quality ebook which they do not!*

#Diego Butler



*so many fake sites. this is the first one which worked! Many thanks*

## Cell Theory, Cell Structure and Function Vocabulary

**Cell** – a basic unit of structure and function in all organisms; the smallest unit of matter that can carry on all the processes of life.

**Unicellular** – composed of only one cell.

**Multicellular** – composed of more than one cell.

**Cell Membrane** – the structure that surrounds a cell to provide protection.

**Cell Wall** – a rigid structure that surrounds the cell membrane of plant cells providing support and protection to the cell.

**Cytoplasm** – fluid, made mostly of water, that fills most of the space within a cell.

**Organelle** – a structure inside a cell that carries out a specific process of life.

**Nucleus** – the central part of a cell that serves as a control center by directing most cell activities.

**Nuclear Membrane** – the membrane that surrounds the nucleus of a cell

**Nucleolus** – a small rounded body within a nucleus that contains RNA and proteins and is involved in the production of ribosomes

**Mitochondria** – the cell structure responsible for changing energy from nutrients into a form that cells can use

**ATP** – a chemical compound that cells use for energy.

**Ribosome** – an organelle where proteins are synthesized

**Endoplasmic Reticulum** – an extensive network of membranes in a cell that acts like a highway along which molecules can move from one part of the cell to another.

**Golgi Apparatus** – the organelle that modifies and packages proteins for specific uses in the cell.

**Lysosome** – the organelle that contains enzymes to break down or digest organic compounds and old organelles.

**Chloroplasts** – a cell organelle that stores chlorophyll and serves as the site for photosynthesis.

**Vacuole** – a membrane bound sac used to store nutrients and wastes while helping in the digestive processes of the cell.

[Download PDF version of :](#)  
**Life Functions Vocabulary Answers**